THE

MISSISKOUI STANDARD

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POETRY.

THE MYRTLE.

BY T. HAYNES DAYLEY.

Though no word may be spoken My farewell to tell,
When I send thee a token,
Decypher it well;
In my desolate hours
My solace shall be,
In the language of flowers
To whisen to the

He spoke,—and we parted; I said not a word: For balf broken hearted, His farewell I heard; And when I was lonely, Sweet tokens he sent, For me and me only To trace their intent.

To whisper to thee.

I watched for their coming-They care—but they brought Though fragrant and blooming, No tidings I sought! No tidings I sought:
All told me of sorrow,
Of absence, of pain!
None whispered, 'To-morrow,
We meet, Love, again.'

No Flower hath spoken Of Hope until now! How welcome this token,
The green Myrtle bough!
No gift could be better; Unless he would write, hree words in a letter,— 'Expect me to-night.'

AGRICULTURAL.



TILLAGH HUSBANDRY.

BARLEY.

Summer barley is the only species cultivated in the United States. Of this there are best adapted to mountainous districts are several varieties, of which the 'chevalier,' and still more the 'Annat,' are found geous to procure seed from inferior ground. superior in Scotland. The naked barley bly to produce the largest quantity of grain, tensively grown and highly esteemed on the continent of Europe. It unites very commendable qualities, being hardy in its growth, strong in the stem, tillering with the grain formed before the commencement great vigor, and producing abundant crops of very superior grain. It is also well adapted to the making of pearl barley, a process which is now gone into to some extent among us, particularly in Vermont. The quality of the straw is better than that of any other kind; it requires, however, to be sown earlier than any other sort, and only succeeds if grown in a rich and well tilled soil. Von Thaer considers it equal ground. The kernels are then named 'grits' both in weight and quality, to rye; and its nutritive properties have been found, on again into a coarse rough meal varying in fineness according to the custom of differanalysis, to be even superior.

Soils.—Barley requires a rich, friable and mellow soil. The best, according to made up with water, usually boiled into Von Thaer's scale, contains 20 per cent of clay, 67 of sand, 3 of lime and 10 of hu-with skimmed milk, butter, molasses or mus; good barley land 38 clay 60 of sand, ale. It is thus very generally used as the and 2 of humus; and ordinary from 48 to common breakfast and supper of the great-68 of clay, and from 30 to 50 of sand, and er portion of the peasantry of the north-2 of humus, or vegetable mould. In lands ern parts of England, Scotland and Ireland,

in Great Britain. Our soils are generally inferior in artificial fertility, while from the warmer temperature, in summer, of our thy have small inducement to violate the climate, the grain tillers better here than salutary restrictions of the law. However there. It is well to sow barley at least the moral code may be infringed, the crimsome ten or fourteen days before we plant above the ground, and then harrow in the offenders. grass seeds with a very light wooden toothed harrow, and follow with the roller.

OATS, Are a northern grain, particularly adapted to high latitudes and elevated or cold locations. In these they make a better return, and the grain is heavier, than in warmer climates, and in more genial soils. Oat soils are identical with rve soils, neither requiring carbonate of lime or much crime were there more apologists.....for no clay...though in regard to moisture, the rye wants a dryer soil than the oat. Oats are grown upon almost all kinds of soil, and, like every other crop, will repay care that justice required a victim like Major and labor. This grain is indigenous to the north. There are many varieties of this grain, of which may be named the common, the Poland, the Dutch, the potato, the Hopetown, the Tartarian, &c. The common kind is the most generally grown, and is the most certain in its product upon poor expended soils. The Poland and Dutch Oats have severally had their day in Scotland, and both somewhat circumscribed by the Potato oat, and these again by the Hopetown and other new varieties. The skinless cats are highly commended been sufficiently tried to judge of their relative profits.

seldom sown upon land which will make spirit of his unfortunate victim. a good return in a more valuable crop; and yet in many districts they form the most certain and profitable crop. They do curred. As senior officer, Major Campwell upon land broken up from rough pasture, as they flourish before the sod is decomposed, or the soil is brought into a fit state for finer crops; and are hence often advantageously grown upon a grass ley to precede wheat, in which case long manure may be applied to the oats with great ad-This is almost the only case in which two crops of small grain may be made to succeed each other with advantage. The practice of seeding down with oats is objected to, on account of the oats shading the ground so much, and being apt to smother the young clover. The Poland and potato varieties require rich ground; and the Tartarian, the black and the red, and late climates. It is thought advantaof the parching droughts of summer. The average produce upon medium soils throughout Great Britain, is estimated at thirty-two bushels per acre, of the average weight of forty two pounds the bushel.

'In the mealing process, the oats, after being previously dried on a kiln, are made to pass through the mill stones, to divest them of their coarser husks before being or 'greats;' and are next ground over ent districts. This is afterwards baked upon a heated iron into thin flat cakes, or

should always be sown upon a fresh-stirred whole crop will not be equally ripe at the apartments of the keeper.... went over the the hardy crew disembarked. same time-if, on walking through the building as he pleased-received his friends the same time, and ripen equally. This is that the grain is then out of the milky state

THE CONDEMNED SOLDIER.

inal one is respected. In breaches of priv-

There are, however, within our own rebe found. Men of superior rank have oc- the judge my eyes turned to the criminal, casionally presented themselves as crimin- and what a subject the contrast offered to als; and as the well-being of society de- the artist's pencil! In the front of the mands, the impartial hand of justice visited the offence with unmitigated severity

Of the few unhappy cases, one will be remembered with lively regret, For no punishment more general sympathy....and while his sentence was accordant to the letter of the law, the sternest ethic lamented Alexander Campbell.

This unfortunate gentleman was the descendant of an ancient family in the Highlands. Having entered the army at an early age, he served abroad under Sir Ralph Abercrombie, and in Egypt had particularly distinguished himself. He was transferred to the 21st Fusileers from a Highland corps, and his promotion to a brevet majority, it was said, had given offence to the senior captain of the regiment. Certain it is, that between these officers no cordiality existed...little pains were taken in Ireland. In this country they have not to conceal a mutual dislike-frequent and angry altercations took place, and the temper of Campbell, constitutionally warm was Soil and Culture. Oate, like rye, are often irritated by the cool contradictory

> The 21st regiment was quartered in Newry when the half-yearly inspection octain Boyd asserted that Campbell had given that evening the mess table had been dehad patronised a play, and the disputants had affected them. were left together at a moment when the Boyd, brought him to an inner mess-room, som of the wretched homicide was tortured tleman to be submitted to the king. afterwards expired in his wife's arms.

When the melancholy event was commore sandy than above indicated, the crop and forms a very nutritive and healthy self, as the summer assizes were approach up to the anchorage.

I felt an unusual dread, a sinking of the | 'no boat can live in yonder broken sea.' ly looked round the melancholy crowd. My eyes rested on the judge -he was a collection, some melancholy exceptious to that stern and inflexible old man. From bar, habited in deep mourning, his arms folded across his breast, the homicide was awaiting the word that would seal his destiny-his noble and commanding figure Captain, seldom left him. She read thrown into an attitude of calm determine to-him, prepared his meals, cheered his ation, was graceful and dignified-and, spirits when he drooped, and performed while on every countenance beside a sick- those gentle offices of kindness, which are ening anxiety was visible, not the twinkle so peculiarly the province of woman. of an eyelash, or motion of the lip, betrayed on the prisoner's face the appearance of not be extended, and the law must take discomposure or alarm. Just then a slight its course, she boldly planned an escape noise was heard-a door was softly and slowly opened-one by one the jury reluctantly returned to their box-the castomary question was asked by the clerk of claimed, when assured otherwise his case the crown, and—Guilty, was faintly answered, accompanied with a recommendate him who trusted in it? I know my fate, tion to mercy.

court was silent as the grave the prisoner confided in my honour.' bowed respectfully to the jury-then, planting his foot, firmly on the floor, he drew

prisoner's fate was being delivered, the si- a whisper to his fair companion, 'would it lence of the court was broken by amother not be a pity to disturb him?' Then taed sobs; but when the sound ceased, and king the keys softly from the table, he bell commanded on that occasion. After dinner, in the course of conversation, Capple from the ashy lips of that grave old man, a said the lady, 'this is the crisis of your groan of horror burst from the auditory, destiny-this is the moment of escapean order incorrectly on parade. A hot and the Highland soldiers who thronged the court ejaculated a wild 'Amen,' while vict put his hand upon her mouth.... 'Hushl' that evening the mess table had been de-serted for the theatre, where the officers ly the face of their unhappy countryman would you have me to violate my pro-

presence of a judicious friend might have the keeper's confidence in the honour of and retired to his chamber, without awakeasily averted the catastrophe. Heated the condemned soldier. On his return to ing the sleeping jailor. with wine, & exasperated by what he con- the juil, an assurance that he would not es. The last scene of his life was in perfect ceived a professional insult, Campbell left cape was required and given: and to the keeping with the calm and dignified courthe table, hastened to his apartment, load- last, Campbell continued to enjoy all the age he had evinced during his confinement.

closed the door, and, without the presence to save him-petitions from the jury, the exertions to obtain a remission of punishof a friend or witness, demanded instant grand panel of the county, and the inhabit. ment had been incessant, and now that satisfaction. Shots were promptly inter- ants of Armagh, were forwarded to the hope was at an end, he laboured to prechanged, and in the first fire Boyd fell, Lord Lieutenant. But the Judge declined pare the soldier for the trying hour that mortally wounded. The dying man was to recommend the convict, and, consequent awaited him. On that me removed to his barrack-room, and Camp- ly, the Irish government refused to inter- he never closed his eyes, while Campbell moisture in the ground than any other bell hastened from the scene of blood. The fere. A respite, however, was sent down, slept as quietly as if no extraordinary event storm of passion had subsided, and the bo- to allow the case of the unfortunate gen- should happen on the morrow. To the

> mental phrenzy he rushed to the chamber ed wife was for a time severe beyond en- manly and unmoved. He mounted the where his victim lay, supported by his dis- durance, but by a wonderful exertion she stone stairs leading to the scaffold with a family. Throwing himself upon his knees, to set out in person for London to throw he supplicated pardon, and urged Boyd to admit 'that every thing was fair.' The commiseration. To cross the Channel bedying man, whose sufferings were intense, fore steam had been introduced was freto the entreaties of his opponent, replied, quently tedious and uncertain, and when imity for a moment. On entering the a bad man-you hurried me, and shortly barkation, her journey was interrupted; a guised, presented himself suddenly. Camps gale of unusual violence was raging, and bell involuntarily shrunk from this loathmade to arrest him, and he might have re- being whom she loved best on earth were take care that the arrangements for death mained in partial retitement had he pleas- numbered, and to reach the seat of mercy were such as should make his transit from ed. But his high spirit could not brook was forbidden! The storm was at its the world as brief as possible. concealment; and, contrary to the entrea- height-a mountainous sea broke into the It was a curious incident attendant on ties of his family, and the opinion of his harbour, while a crowd anxiously watched this melancholy event, that the 42d regi-

fact, the finest samples of every kind of then wants no further nourishment from The trial had been tedious—twilight had 'Oh God! he will be lost,' she murmured. gotten. grain are thus usually produced. We do not specify any particular time nor quanti the earth, and, if properly harvested, will fallen, and the hall of justice was rendered to the earth, and, if properly harvested, will fallen, and the hall of justice was rendered to the carth, and the hall of justice was rendere gencies. It is usual to sow much less golden hue, and becoming pale....Br. ominous silence that reigned through the court was unbroken by a single whisper. perish. 'It is madness,' said the old man; deceased were waiting to pay the last tris

In our days the high-born and the weal- heart, a difficulty of respiration, as I timida But the courage of the hardy fishermen was unshaken. The lady was placed on board; the skirt of the main-sail set, and thin bilious-looking being, and his cold and after a passage as remarkable for its shorts marble features had caught an unearthly ness as its danger, they reached the Scot-Indian corn. When clover and grass seeds are to be sown upon barley, it is consid. chiefly comprised, and loss of character & an accidental disposition of the candles. I these noble fellows be it recorded, that ered best to let the barley plants first grow caste the severest penalty incurred by the shuddered as I gazed upon him, for the they refused to accept one shilling from the fate of a fellow-creature hung upon the first mourner, and fellowed her carriage with words that should issue from the lips of their eyes, invoking blessings on her jour-

> The commiseration of all classes was painfully increased, by the length of time that elapsed between the trial and death of Major Campbell, In prison he received from his friends the most constant and delicate attention; and one lady, the wife of When intelligence arrived that mercy could from prison, but Campbell recoiled from a proposition that would compromise his honour with the keeper. 'What I' he ex-An agonizing pause succeeded—the but never shall I deceive the person who

Two evenings before he suffered, Mrs. arged him earnestly to escape. The himself up to his full height, and prepared clock struck twelve, and Campbell hinted to listen to his doom. Slowly Judge Mayne that it was time she should retire. As assumed the fatal cap, and, all unmoved, usual, he accompanied her to the gate, and he pronounced, and Campbell heard his on entering the keeper's room, they found him fast asleep. Campbell placed his fin-While the short address that sealed the ger on his lip... Poor fellow,' he said in mise?' Bidding her good night, he lock-Nor did the result of his trial disturb ad the wicket carefully, replaced the keys,

ed his pistols, returned, sent for Captain comfort and liberty the prison could afford. The night before his execution, the chap-Meantime, strong exertions were made lain slept in his room. The gentleman's last, his courage was unshaken; and while with unavailing remorse. In a state of The mental agony of Campbell's attach. his friends were dissolved in grief, he was tracted wife, and surrounded by his infant recovered sufficient fortitude to enable her arm and measured step; and while the rope was being adjusted, the colour never left his cheek, nor did his countenance bes tray the slightest agitation.

One circumstance disturbed his equan-'Yes, it was fair but, Campbell, you are the lady reached the nearest point of em- press-room, the executioner, frightfully disevery packet storm-stayed at the other side, some being, but as if annoyed that the municated, at the solicitation of his friends She stood upon the pier in a state of ex-Campbell left the town. No attempt was quisite wretchedness. The days of that stant, he calmly desired him to proceed, &

professional advisers, he determined to risk the progress of a fishing boat, which under ment, with whom he had served in Egypt, a trial, and in due time surrendered him- close-reefed canvass was struggling to beat then garrisoned the town; and the same men he led to a bayonet charge against Cultivation.—Turnips or potatoes, or even Indian corn, are a good preparation for the barley crop, as it requires a well-worked clean soil. In Essay England.

The indications of ripeness, in all sorts of grain are few and simple. When the straw exhibits a bright golden colour from worked clean soil. In Essay England.

The indications of ripeness, in all sorts of grain are few and simple. When the straw exhibits a bright golden colour from gentlemanly demeanour won the commission of the Highlanders when drawn out to gentlemanly demeanour won the view of those on shore.

The success of the little bark was for a the invincibles of Napoleon formed the jan over the mast head, and frequently shut in the vessel from the view of those on shore. The success of the little bark was for a the invincibles of Napoleon formed the jail worked clean soil. In Essex, England, the bottom of the stem nearly to the ear; eration of all within. The governor, con- But seamanship prevailed the pier was lion-hearted comrade, were indescribable. the seed furrow in the spring. The seed furrow in the spring. The seed furrow in the spring the seed furrow in the spring the seed furrow in the spring. The seed furrow in the spring the seed furrow in the spring the spring the seed furrow in the spring tly, the corn may be cut. But—as the ed him to no restraint. He occupied the companions, and the caresses of their wives, fatal door, a yell of anguish pealed along the ranks, and every bonnet was respect-At that moment the sorrow of the lady fully removed. Campbell addressed a few Seed and sowing.—It is recommended field, and selecting the greenest heads, theheld unrestricted communication with all attracted the notice of the crowd, and it words to them in Gaelic. Instantly every to steep the seed twenty four hours in soft water, that the grain may all germinate at water, that the grain may all germinate at the bands, it is a sure sign to steep the seed twenty four hours in soft that sought him and, in fact, was a cap- that she was whispered that she was wife to the unhappy convict, whose fate even in that was bathed in tears; every lip uttered a I shall never forget the 13th of August, remote spot had excited unusual sympathy. prayer for mercy at the judgment-seat: deemed more important when the sowing and may be reaped with safety; for although 1808. I arrived in Armagh the evening An aged fisherman stood near her and Mrs. & when the board, descending with thundis late. Light soils may be sown earlier the straw may be green to some distance of the Major's trial, and when I entered Campbell inquired 'if the weather was ering violence, announced the moment of than those which are heavy. Early sowing is generally and should recover the court-house, the jury bad retired to likely to moderate?" The mariner looked dissolution, the fearful groan that burst ing is generally recommended; and, in yellow from the bottom upwards, the grain consider the verdict they should pronounce. at the sky attentively, and shook his head. from the excited soldiery will never be for

ty of seed, because the time will depend found to indicate sufficiently the ripeness of a few candles, placed upon the bench heard by the crew of the fishing boat, who and a hearse in waiting received it, and on season and climate, and the proper quan of wheat, barley and oats; but that of rye where Judge Mayne was seated. A breath were securing its moorings. A momentary drove off rapidly. The remains of the tity of seed upon these and other contin- arises from the straw losing some of its less anxiety pervaded the assembly, & the consultation took place, and with one conbers they escorted the body to the family cemetery, and in the poet's words 'they laid him in his father's grave. - Dublin University Magazine.

STATE OF MANCHESTER.

We regret to say that the very serious difficulties which have been for a length of time pressing upon the mercantile classes of the country have at last begun to produce a serious effect upon the condition of the working population in this town and neighborhood, and that large numbers of weavers and other workmen have been wholly or in great part deprived of employ-This, we believe, has been particu... larly the case with the hand-loom weavers of shirtings, bafts, and other inferior cotton goods, who reside principally in Manchester. As this is a species of weaving requiring little skill, it is always indifferently paid, & the people engaged in it, who are principally Irish, are never in a condition to bear even a short suspension of employment, without suffering great distress. At the present time, we believe a considerable number of these men are entirely without work, and many others have only partial employment, whilst the price of provisions, and especially potatoes, adds greatly to the distress which the want of employment has created. Under these circumstances, it is more to be regretted than wondered at, that some little excitement has prevailed among the sufferers. On Monday afternoon several assemblages of people took place in the neighborhood of New Cross and St. George's Road; and, about three o'clock, a procession, consisting in the first place of perhaps a hundred persons, began to parade the streets in the neighborhood, headed by a man bearing two loaves of bread on the point of a stick. As they proceeded along the streets, parties of ten or a dozen visited the shops of the different provision dealers, demanding bread, which in most instances was given to them. Whether they in any case used force to take it, or whether they threatened violence if their demands were not complied with, are points on which we have heard conflicting statements; but there can be no doubt that, at all events, their numbers produced intimidation, and that many persons gave bread and money from a fear of violence to themselves or their property.

After perambulating the streets in the neighborhood of St. George's Road, the procession took its course down Oldham street and Market street, and through most of the principal streets of the town. At this time the numbers composing it were swelled to about 200, comprising many persons of idle und dissolute character, and some well known thieves, but we are not aware that in this part of their course they committed any act of violence, and on the approach of evening they quietly dis-

persed. Yesterday (Tuesday) morning, other assemblages of a similar character took place, and a party of men proceeded up Red Bank into the township of Chatham, where also they levied contributions on the shopkeep. ers. At one of the assemblages in St. George's Road, either on Monday evening or yesterday morning, a deputation was appointed to wait upon the Boroughreeve with a memorial setting forth the distress which prevailed amongst the weavers; and which prevailed amongst the of four Irish this deputation (consisting of four Irish security accordingly saw the Boroughweavers) accordingly reeve yesterday at the Town hall and presented their memorial, which stated that thousands of the hand weavers were suffering grievous privations, arising from causes over which they had no control; that many of them had not tasted food for the last forty-eight hours; that their wives and families were in a state of appalling distress; and they requested the Boroughreeve to call a meeting of the gentlemen of the town, to take their case into consideration. We understand that the deputation were desired by the Boroughreeve to leave their memorial, and to call for an answer in the evening, which they did. The Boroughreeve then stated to them, that he and the constables had made application on the subject of their memorial to the Churchwardens: that they were authorized to say, that any case of distress would receive immediate attention, on individual application being made at the Church-wardens' offices; and it appeared to them that this would be sufficient to meet the evil of which the memorialists complained. The deputation promised to communicate this answer to the weavers, who, we understand, were assembled last night near St. George's Church, for the purpose of hearing it.

We regret to state that, on this as on former occasions of the same kind, there have not been wanting designing men to incite the suffering weavers to acts of violence and outrage; and several very inflammatory speeches have been made at the different meetings. We are quite confident, however, that any parties who may be disposed to commit further breaches of the peace, will find the authorities perfectly prepared to resist them, and to bring the delinquents to that punishment which their offences may call for. Whilst there is every disposition to relieve the distress which the pressure of the times has created, we have no doubt it will be found but the collar was a-wanting. You big I could procure neither stone nor cast iron, that there is both the inclination and the power to put down all acts of outrage and disorder .- Guardian of Wednesday.

We are happy to say that the indications of riot and disturbance mentioned in the Guardian of Wednesday have not been followed by any serious consequences, although there have been a few cases of

savored of intimidation. The police officers, however, have evinced so much promptitude and spirit in the capture of a few of the ring-leaders, that a very timely check has been put to these highly objectionable and illegal proceedings. We are glad to state too, that the boroughreeve and constables have made a large temporary addition to the police force, the greater part of which, is posted at convenient stations in those parts of the town where disturbances are most likely to originate; and arrangements have been made for procuring the speedy assistance of the whole body of police watchmen in case of an apprehen sion of any formidable breach of the peace. We have little doubt that these precautions will be found amply sufficient to repress all attempts which may be made to disturb the tranquillity of the town, without resorting to the aid of a military force.

Since the answers of the boroughreeve and constables to the deputation of handloom weavers, which we mentioned on Wednesday, the church-wardens' offices have been besieged by large crowds of applicants for relief; and a very heavy labor has consequently devolved on the churchwardens and sidesmen and their servants. In the first instance, from the necessity of the case, a number of persons were relieved with small sums of money, with little or no investigation of the truth of the accounts which they gave of themselves; and there is reason to believe that much imposition was practised upon the officers, by parties who were either not in circumstances to require relief, or were not resident in Manchester. Since Wednesday, however, the statements of the applicants have been subjected to the usual test of examination, and much imposition has consequently been detected; a large proporbe residing Guardian of Saturday.

NEWSPAPER READERS.

How endless is the variety of newspaper readers, and how hard it is to satisfy their wants! Mr. A believes he shall discontinue his paper, because it contains no political news-and B is decidedly of opinion that the same sheet dabbles too freely in the movements of the day. C does not take it because it is all on one side and D, whose opinions it generally expresses, does not like it because it is not severe enough upon the opposition. E thinks it does not pay due attention to fashionable literature...and F cannot bear the flimsy notions of idle writers. G will not suffer a paper to be upon his table which ventures an opinion against slavery and H never patronises one that lacks moral courage to expose the evils of the day. declares he does not want a paper filled with the hodgepodge proceedings and doings of the legislature.....J considers that paper the best which gives the greatest quantity of such reading. K patronises papers for the light and lively reading which they contain and L wonders that the press does not publish ____ -'s sermons and such other 'solid matter.' M will not even read a paper that does not expose the evils of sectarranism.... & N is decidedly of the opinion that the pulpit and not the press should O likes meddle with religious dogm to read police reports ... and P, whose appetite is less morbid, would not have the paper in which these silly reports are printed in his house. Q likes anecdotes.....and R wont take a paper that publishes them. S says that murders and dreadful accidents ought not not to be published in the papers and T complains that his miserable paper gave no account of that highway robbery last week. U says the type is too small ... and V thinks it is too large. W stops his paper because it contains nothing but advertisements-and all X wants of it is to see what is for sale. Y will not take the paper unless it is left at the door before sunrise and Z declares he will not pay for it, if left so early that it is stolen from his domicil before he is up; &, last of all, comes with the compliments of some of the ladies, who declare the paper is uninteresting, because it does not every day contain a list of marriages, just as if it were possible for the poor printers to marry people whether the parties will or not N. Bed. Gaz.

Canine pride and Gumption,-A public carrier who travels between the good city of Glasgow and the pleasant bounds of Galloway, is attended by a good watchdog to protect his property, and makes Maybole a halting place for the night on his way southwards. It chanced on a re-cent journey that Wallace (the dog) had been temporarily relieved of his

· Lockit, lettered, braw brass collar by the hostler at Kingswells, and who had forgot to replace it when the carrier re-Maybole, a distance of nearly thirty miles, and was about to tie up his faithful sentinel for the night, below one of his cars; rogue,' cried the carrier, angrily, 'how durst you come here and leave your collar ahint you?' Not another word was necessary to poor Wallace, who drooped his 'gaucy tail,' which

different parts of the town, and more nu- before his master was ready to resume his in excellent order for the scythe. merous instances of asking for charity in journey. It appears the poor brute had the outskirts under circumstances which set off at full speed for Kingswells the rolling. By pressing the soil closely round moment his master reproached him for ap- the grain much more of it will vegetate pearing in dishabille, and having scratched than with the usual management...and in up the hostler, looked most ruefully in his case of drought, the ground will not face, as much as to say, 'O, man, you've 'dry up' so quickly. As to making the affronted me sair, the night; gi'e me my collar!' The hostler understood the appeal at once....replaced the shining gorget round the neck of Wallace, who, after kindly licking the hand of his friend, bounded away for Mabole, at the top of his it to the oven. speed. He arrived there within the space of time which shows that, in good old Scotch phrase, 'he loot nae grass grow at his heels,' having accomplished the journey considerably within the mail coach time. So deeply does he feel the degradation to which he was subjected by the reproof of his master, that all attempts now to relieve him for a time of his collar, tho' rather a massive one, is resisted as his glorious name-giver would have rasisted the desecracion of his native soil .- Ayr Ob.

> A Mermaid's baby,-The St. Louis Bulletin gives an account of a queer fish lately caught in the river opposite Carondelet, unknown to naturalists. Some boys playing in a canoe, opposite Carondelet, perceived an animal swimming towards the shore; mistaking it for a water snake, they attempted to kill it. In this, however, they failed. It dived under the water, and again appeared near the shore, where the boys caught it. They took it home, and kept it in a basin of water for a week, when it died. It has been immersed in rum for preservation.

The Bulletin in describing this singular animal says, the strange creature is about seven inches long, of a slate color, and about an inch and a half in circumference. The head and body are those of an eel the tail terminating in a fin. Immediately the place where they stated themselves to behind the eyes, are lateral formations supposed to be intended for fins; they extend out about an inch, and are divided into distinct branches, resembling in miniature, those of a limb stripped of its fol-About an inch behind these fins, are situated two arms, in form resembling those of an infant, & terminating in hands, the five fingers and nails of which are distinctly articulated. It appeared to use these hands freely, placing them on its head and body, and catching hold of different articles thrown into the water. The Bulletin wishes naturalists to examine this mer. curiosity. This is the first fresh water mermaid we ever heard of. It only wants the sea-green hair to complete its appearance, but perhaps this efficiency is owing to its youth. We hope the boys of St. Louis and Carondelet are in search for more of these stray water babies, for possibly the full grown creatures may have a settlement somewhere in the river..... New Era.

Time to speak .- I have often heard a first rate anecdote told of some student of Chapel-hill University. What his name was I know not but I think his reply worthy of preservation. The college commons were at the time very poor, particularly the article of butter. One day a plate The people spontaneously met at the City of it was placed upon the table, which, from long keeping had become rancid. One of the students, upon tasting it was so exas. perated as to seize the dish and throw it of the tutors instantly rose and demanded who was the perpetrator of the mischief. There was no answer. The demand was again repeated, when after a short silence, a sharp voice replied, 'Ask the butter.... it is old enough to speak for itself.' New

A Fact - A stage passenger took breakfast the other morning at a tavern btween this place and Boston, and handed the landlord a five dollar note of the U.S. Bank, which he took, after eyeing the ' rag' the landlord came up on horse-back, with the U. S. Bank note in his hand 'Taint a good 'un-there's a discount of ten per cent.' Well, how much shall I give you? said the traveller.... Four dollars and half, replied the inconsiderate landlord, a good Jackson man by the way. Four and a half! Agreed-hand me the bill.' He then handed the landlord the same four dollars and a half be had that morning taken from him, and pocketing his U. S. Bank bill, proceeded on his journey. He thus got his breakfast gratis, without breaking a five dollar note that commands a premium in many places, and is at par every where. - Claremont Eagle.

Use of the Roller-Raising Potatoes. Mr. HOLMES: - The first knowledge I sumed his travels. The omission was not had of the roller, I obtained from the N observed till after the latter had arrived in E. Farmer some years since. Being always desirous to try 'new things,' if they promise utility, and especially if they cost but little, I set about constructing one. As and was too poor to do it, had they been red in the report condemning the course of the Administration, yet he thought it was led.

With this machine, I went over my Theat ground, breaking every 'lump,' and tantamount to a declaration of civil war. within my reach, I took a 'junk' out of a hemlock log, about six feet in length...inserted gudgeons in the centre at each end, in which was hung a sort of frame, with a

Nor is this all the benefit derived from ground heavy (as some fear it will) think it has about the same effect, with respect to that, as the hand of the housewife has in being passed over the surface of the brown loaf, before committing

Much has been said in the Farmer upon raising potatoes-each writer has rather a better method than the others. I am well satisfied with the method I have adopted, which is, to select a piece of grass ground (the smoother the better) and cart on a arge dressing of green barn manure, at my leisure. When ready to prepare for planting, I spread the manure evenly as possible, but no more in a day than I can turn under-turn the sod flat and roll well immediately-then harrow length-wise of the furrows with a light harrow, till the interstices between them are filled, next mark off the rows with a small plough or chain, and plant on the surface with a covering of about two inches. I have practiced hilling lightly, but think I shall omit it altogether this year. I stir the ground well with the Cultivator.

Some of the advantages of this mode of culture I conceive to be the following: The ing on a fearful crisis. ground not being ploughed till late, the grass gets a good start and being covered, together with the unfermented manure, ferments, and forms a hot bed, which brings forward the crop surprisingly, and continues to afford nourishment in abundance, till it comes to maturity. The rolling prevents the furrows from being torn up by the harrow, and the filling of the crevices between the furrows prevents the possibility of any grass or weeds growing from the manure, and you have a clean field, if the soil is free from foul seeds, in fine order for a crop of wheat the next spring. 1 have pursued the same course with my corn for three years past, with the addition of a light top dressing of manure, and I have never had better success.

Farming begins to look up in this section of the state, and with the bounty on wheat and the present pinching scarcity of provisions, in view, I think, with the blessing of a bountiful Providence, we shall be better supplied for the future Maine Far-

Extract from a private letter, dated

Poston, 17th May, 1837. On Tuesday last the whole city was thrown into consternation and dismay by the arrival of two orders from the head departments in Washington; one requiring that the postage of all Letters should be paid in specie on delivery; the other, that all custom house bonds should also be paid in specie. Nothing could exceed the indignation of the whole community, at this flagrant act of injustice, tyranny and oppression: it almost produced insurrection. Hall. The Post Master declared that he would not comply with the requisition of the Post Macter General, if the Citizens of butter and all against the wall. The dish Boston would sustain him. Whereupon of course was shivered to pieces, but the a committee was appointed to draw up a their chosen deliberate course, banishing them butter stuck to the side of the room. One report, and prepare resolutions, to be sub- selves from the Kingdom of Heaven;—sealing mitted next day to a general meeting in the instrument of their own condemnation;— Faneuil Hall. In the company of a friend, and forging the links of their own chains. They I attended sufficiently early to secure a are most undoubtedly fastening the gate of heavgood place, both for hearing and observing en, with bolts and bars, against themselves. No the proceedings. The report of the com- man, it is presumed, can neglect, or make up his mittee appointed on the preceding day bes mind to neglect, the service of God, without first ing read, reprobating in the strongest terms endeavoring to persuade himself, either that there the conduct of Government, a series of is no God; or that it is totally uncertain, amid resolutions then followed, in which, among so many conflicting systems and opinions, whether others of a strong character, it was voted er his will, if he has ever revealed it, can at all that 'the citizens of Boston will, one and be known. It is very unnecessary to suppose very closely, and handed the gentleman back four dollars in bills and a fifty cent all, peaceably, if we CAN, but FORCIBLY, piece. The traveller took stage again, and had proceeded ten or twelve miles, when this city, in his non-compliance with the openly or covertly cherished; it being all one, as wish I could transfer the scene to paper,
But all attempts to do justice to so exci-But all attempts to do justice to so excillef, or from a feeling of indifference; that is, from ting a subject would be in vain. Imagine lief, or from a feeling of indinerence, there the belief of the fool who said in his heart, there to yourself, a spacious Hall containing not less than 6000 more absorbing love of the world is no God, or from the absorbing love of the world less than 6000 persons. The speaker is the deceitfulness of the heart, or the black, —the deceitfulness of the heart, or the black, reading the resolutions—his lips quivering malign inspiration of the spirit that now works with emotion-he comes to the clause 'peace- eth in children of disobedience.' ably if we can, but ___farcibly' if we must.... There is one or two questions white Where would have beared the true should endeavor honestly to determine. Would that you could have heard the tremendous shouts which then followed like can the man be found that ever made are not a infallibly certain that the Scriptures are not a neither lie mighty claps of thunder, one after another, rising in the scale of torrife another. Revelation from that God who can neither lie rising in the scale of terrific grandeur, louder and louder. I hardly knew whether I agement can there be in rejecting what they teach was on my head or my feet, so overpowal and command? What consolation, to a human ering was the excitement, and every one and command? What consolation, to there be being who cannot keep himself alive, can the cannot keep himself alive. was in the same predicament. They were all transported with the feelings of the moall transported with the feelings of the moment. When the resolutions were read, and to destroy, when no man has ever used to shew that the claims are unfounded? The Mr. Bond, a partner in one of the most Book has been, and is, believed, by thousands and extensive houses in the city, mounted the millions of the mest enlightened men in all millions of the mest enlightened men in all

bute of their regard. In immense num- demanding provisions by bodies of men in morning with his collar round his neck, sinking every small stone, and left the field He recommended a little more patince. cited minds of the audience, but after sey. eral influential gentlemen had spoken in favour of this plan, and its wisdom & policy having been clearly demonstrated, the good sense of the audience prevailed. It was then unanimously resolved that the meeting should be adjourned till the 27th. when the Post Master might be presumed to have received fresh intelligence from Washington, which would determine whether the Executive persisted in their orders. If they do, I tremble for the result. The indignation and exasperation of the people are so great that a civil war must be the consequence.

The pressure in the money market, no doubt, is the result, in a great measure, of over-trading on the part of the merchants, though the primary cause must be laid to the charge of the measures of Government. The merchants increased their importations beyond their resources, blindly rushing into speculations beyond their depth, while the Government by tampering with the currency, destroying the present Banking system, and ordering all payments for land to be made in specie, was and is fast bring.

> Your obt. serv't. A QUONDAM FRIEND.

For the Missiskoui Standard. THE FIRE SIDE .- No. 26

Those who spend the whole sabbath without

assembling themselves, when they have the power and opportunity of doing so if they choose, for the public worship of our common Creator and pres server, must necessarily, without any breach of charity, be labering under some judicial blindness and hardness of heart, which render their state, if possible, less to be envied than that of Pharaoh. They may pretend that they have all-sufficient excuses to satisfy their own conscience, and to balance accounts against the demands of the Most High, but what are they when tried by the Judge of all the earth? If there is a God, that God, reason itself teaches, must be worshipped and served. If we refuse to comply with these just demands, it must be, either that we think there is no God; or that, if there is, he must be satisfied with what we deem right; or that we do not believe in him. If we believe in him, we must have formed some idea of what he is, and of what he requires of his creatures. From faith in a creating, upholding and preserving God, it follows that we recognize an obligation upon us, as a necessary, inseparable Law of our constitus tion, to obey his will. He who does not recognize this obligation, as a law of the human constitution, impressed upon it by the finger of the supreme Creator of all, is, according to the declaration of Scripture, a ' root;' and, as it is amply demonstrated and verified, by every appeal which can be made to experience and fact, 'dead in trespasses and sins'-' alienated from the life of God through the ignorance that is in them.'

The holy word of that Almighty Being who made us, teaches us to believe, that all such pers sons as do actually neglect to worship God, whether in private, or in public; who shun the courts of the Lord's house, on the Sabbath day; thereby banishing themselves from the offers and consolations and ordinances of the Gospel, are, by

There is one or two questions which all men can the man be found that ever made himself rostrum. He said that though he concurred in the report condemning the course of the Administration

that they have no more idea of the nature of Dis language, at their respective Church doors. vine worship, than a man born blind can have of These are your Reformers! Impious, the same sins to repent of and confess...the same grace and pardoning mercy to ask for at the throne of God; the same assistance to beg; the same promises to look to: and the same God to now make the 'howl.' thank and praise for his ' inestimable love in the redemption of the world by our Lord Jesus Christ: for the means of grace and the hope of glory,' which among all dovout christains, who hold to the Head, Christ, must be done in nearly the same language through life, and cannot be the house of Scot, at St. Eustache. In subjected to the restless, changeable whims of men, this company were found three of the newand at the same time retain either a sense of humility becoming a sinful creature, or that rever- and one bailiff, and as L'Ami assures us, ence for God which belongs to his name. To act on the principle that Divine Worship must always present something new, calculated for the is to reduce the most solemn service in which an institution under this name is in opeman can engage, to the meretricious exhibitions of ration in Montreal, and that an office for ner in which it performs the work. It is the theatre which have no other object in view, transacting its business has been opened of 15 horse power. but to pander to the gratification of depraved appetites. I will allow that though the subject matter of religion and devotion be, among all true christians, the same in spirit, meaning, intent, and life, yet the blessings, and pleasures, and mercies which it imparts are ever new and precious,—
ever rising in the scale, 'first the blade, then the ear, after that the full corn in the ear,' or as the dawning day: first a glimmering, then the dubidawning day: first a glimmering, then the dubibefore the public.

Banks, the Ottawa Bank will continue to good. But a few facts have come to our ears, with regard to this Bank, which we hasten to lay before the public. nearly in the same language through the longest dawning day: first a glimmering, then the dubious twilight by which we perceive objects impernever becomes an unpleasant sight, or less preclous, or less desirable the more it is seen. The in Montreal, from a Mr. Rawson, of Lockgay foliage of the extended forest—the flowers of port, state of New York, inclosing a five though remaining for some weeks the same, to the lover of nature. If we do not behold an inexhaustible mine in the pleasures of religion, and divine worship, it is because we are spiritually blind and cannot see : dead in sin and cannot feel. O how love I thy Law! it is my meditation all the day.' ' How sweet are thy words unto my taste! yea, sweeter than honey to my mouth!' J. R.

MISSISKOUI STANDARD FRELIGHSBURG, JUNE 13, 1837.

The meeting of the discontented portion of the Canadians, the poor dupes of a raving madman, sometime ago announced for the county of the two Mountains, was held on the 1st instant at St. Scholastique. If we believe themselves, this meeting was a demonstration-a thundering turn out.... a colluvies for the reception of streams of venom from a thousand throats. The great man himself was there, and hailed as a Prince, ' Vive Papineau,' and cheered as lar trees, were displayed in abundance. doubt, was himself one of the principal One of these presented on one side the actors, and had no need of information. word 'Counterbrand;' and on the other, a barrel and the word 'Whisky.' The account given of this meeting-the almost interminable cavalcade-carriages-footmen-waving of handkerchiefs, by the fair hands of all the dulcineas in the county-the speech of the par excellence, vive Papineau. and the resolutions, eight in number, but long-winded, passionate, fierce and seditious, are perhaps the most inflated, turgid and bombastic that language was ever tortured to form into printer's lines. If turgidity was the only vice of the rigmarole of the patriots, we might indulge in a laugh at their mock heroics, but we are bound to add, that as far as their assertions, accusations and flourishes are at all intelligible, the speech of ' Vive Papineau,' and the and in every line, maliciously and knowingly, on the part of the speakers and mo. ingly, on the part of the speakers and movers, false, without one redeeming quality amongst them. The whole mass of unintellectual matter put together, is a mere We find very much to our satisfaction ety of other articles too numerous to mention; rush of insane passion. Other meetings that the Bank of Montreal and the City will be sold at the time and place above mentioned, are being held in various other parts of Bank have given a full statement of their Ladies will do well to call on said day and see the Province. The howl is going on. The affairs to the public. The Banque du for themselves. hand by the leaders. As to what the res- mended to the public by these two Instiolutions mean, the good simple habitans tutions and by the mercantile Body of

Since writing our remarks on the meets of its affairs, like the rest? ing held at St. Scholastic, we have seen that very useful Journal, L' Ami du Peu-On the Sunday preceding Girouard, and and Ireland, and as good a chance for them Frelighsburg, 30th May, 1837.

caremony, without the attractions of novelty. Scot, M. P. Ps. harangued the people, to make a living as they can expect any With this feeling in their hearts, it is evident making use of inflammatory, opprobrious where. colors. With them every idea of Divine Worship profane infidels. Notwithstanding all that 'itching ears' is all. The worship of God is not was done, the correspondent of the L'Ami in their thoughts. Curiosity must have its food. du Peuple, assures us that not one in Self is all that must be worshipped. What a sin- twenty of the electors attended. They ner needs, and what a redeemed sinner owes, are remained at home, minding their own buboth forgotten, or rather have never been under- siness; being well convinced that the measstood. As long as we are in the world, we have ures before the Parliament of England, af-Government by the same individuals who fecting this Province, were forced on the

On the day after the meeting, the Vive Papineau went in company with nine or ten individuals, carrying their grotesque standards, and their barrel of whisky, to some other insignificant individuals.

OTTAWA BANK .- We have heard that by gentlemen who style themselves its officers; and that a notice has been issued by them announcing that, notwithstanding the suspension of specie payments by all other

A few days ago a letter was received by the field in their interminable variety of colors, dollar Note, of the Ottawa Bank, and retints, shades and hues, never become tiresome, questing information respecting the circumstances of the Ottawa Bank. The gentleman sent the Note to one Amos Sears and another person, who call themselves President and Cashier of the Ottawa Bank.

The Note was interested as the control of the Standard Research of the Ottawa Bank.

The Note was interested as the control of the Standard Research of the Ottawa Bank.

The Note was interested as the control of the Standard Research R The Note was instantly cashed. It would appear that the ostensible object of this letter from Rawson was to obtain information respecting the pretended Bank, but in TO CHELSEA & GREEN reality to obtain a letter from a respectable source, extensively known, that there was an office of the Ottawa Bank in Montreal, at which the five dollar Note he had sent was redeemed at sight. The gentleman, Rawson, had no need, we think, of information respecting the Bank, but a respectable testimony to the effect that its paper was promptly redeemed & was worth gold.

When Johnson was arrested in New York, and brought before the police, he stated that he was of the firm of Johnson & Rawson, wholesale dealers in the hardware line, at Lockport. If Johnson told the truth, Rawson must have known all about the Ottawa Bank, of which he no stant, for Lockport and the Niagara Fron- of past custom. tiers, but denied that he was acquainted either with the country or the people, altho' he asserted that the Ottawa Bank was a branch of the Suspension Bridge Bank, of Queenston, Upper Canada.

advised him to write to Montreal for information, as he did. We once heard that a o'clock P. M. The following is a list of the artiman was sent to hell for the crime of ask-ing information on what he know best him. ing information on what he knew best himeight resolutions, are, in every sentence, self. Need we caution the public against and a variety of crockery ware, one looking glass and trime of the Lewiston Telegraph, afford us feather bed, pillows, and bedding, one set of dining some information?

resolutions are all manufactured before Peuple has been approved of and recomare innocent. We have a civil Governor. Montreal. How is it then that that recommended Banque has not given a statement

It is reported that the emigrants from ple, by which we are given to understand the Old Country this season are not likely that, instead of being a meeting to embrace to pitch their tents, in any great numbers, the whole county, which is composed of either in Lower or Upper Canada. Some two Townships, one seigniory and five means or other have been employed to turn parishes, none but the inhabitants of St. their attention to the far west. We are Benoit and St. Scholastique, twenty five truly sorry if the report should prove true. It is not the line in the latest fashion, in the most approved line in the latest fashion, in the most approved style, and on reasonable terms. He will also Cut garments to be made up by others. from St. Colomban, were at the meeting. of the surplus population of Great Britain

Dublin Evening Post, from Lancashire, when I say that, in Lincolnshire alone, at this moment, not less than 2000 quarters of oats per day are given to sheep. Hay £8 per ton. This I fancy is the state nearly of all England, and the extra conat present any prospect of relief. In Laucashire, some farmers have their cattle in so bad a state, that they are obliged to assist them to get on their legs, and a dairy farmer in Cheshire has lost seven out of thirteen of his cows in calving. This must tell for years to come.'

A steam plough has been invented in England, by Mr. Heathcote, M. P. for after this date. Tiverton. It was tried in the presence of many scientific gentlemen & practical farmers, who expressed themselves much grat. ified with the expeditious & efficient man-

the STANDARD, and his receipts will be

Wool Carding.

HE subscriber would beg to intimate to his friends and the public, that his CARDING MACHINES

are in complete order for business; and that he

Notice WICH

Pensioners!! A Commissariat Officer will attend at Froste village, on the 11th, and at Drummondville on Friday the 14th July, next, for the purpose of identifying and paying such Peneloners residing in the Eastern Townships, as may appear before him.

CO MMISSARIAT.

Notice.

V3 9-4w

HE undersigned has removed his Office to St. Gabriel Street, in the house adjoining the Stores of Messrs. McDonell & Holmes, opposite the Old North West Buildings.

JOHN PICKLE,

Montreal, 5th June, 1837.

Notice.

Friends and the public that he has removed cashed; and the Montreal gentleman would, his Establishment from the Market Square to a if he answered his letter, of course say large and commodious White House, on the that the Note was cashed. The President, Main Street, five doors from Brunell's, where, by keeping the best of Liquors, good Board, and Sta-Amos Sears, left Montreal on the 8th in- bling, he hopes he shall meet with a continuance

JAMES DARROW. Yamasco, May 19, 1837. V3-9tf

Notice

We should have observed, that Rawson property will be exposed for sale at the dwell. We should have observed, that Rawson property will be exposed for sale at the dwell-said that a Mr. Spalding, of Lockport, had ing house of Mr. Samuel Van Antwerp in the Township of Dunham, on Thursday the 15th chairs, bedsteads, a quantity of large well bound medical books, two fire boards, fur caps, one pair of cloth boots, and one pair of boxers, and a varito the highest bidder for cash. Gentlemen and

> MARY WHITAKER. Dunham, June 10th, 1837.

Tailor,

he will be in readiness to execute orders in his

WILLIAM MAGOWAN.

In England the winter was extremely severe as well as in Canada. 'I speak within bounds,' says a correspondent of the within bounds,' says a correspondent of the Canada Company at Port Saint Francis. Office of the British American Land Company, Sherbrooke, April 24, 4837.

note of hand drawn in favor of the subscriber and signed by James Harrington, for the sum of fifteen Dollars, bearing date sometime in the month of September last, and payable th-

N. B. All persons are forbid buying or dis

counting the said note.
WILLIAM D. SMITH. Shefford, 4th April, 1837.

Notice.

This may cert. w that I have relinquished to my son LEANDEN TRUAX, a miner, his time from this date; in consequence of his slothfulness and discredience. He is authorised to trade and out for the slothfulness and determine the slothfulness and certain the slothfulness. and act for himself; and I shall demand none of his earnings, nor pay any debts of his contracting

ISAAC TRUAX. Dunham, May 29th, 1837.

Card.

RS. BELLAMY, on retiring from the Commercial Hotel, begs to acknowledge her obligation to those who have so liberally patronized this Establishment, while under her Mr. E. MARCH is a General Agent for the STANDARD, and his receipts will be STANDARD, and his receipts will be

Montreal, May 13, 1987.

Commercial

friends and the public, that he has leased the above well known Establishment, to which many improvements have been added this Spring; and no exertion will be spared on his part to maintain the well known reputation of the House.

Montreal, May 13, 1837. JOHN BEKER. V3-6t

Education.

VILE Rev. M. TOWNSEND, at the de sire of several respectable gentlemen, and with the sanction of 'The Lord Bishop of Monitreal' in undertaking the charge of pupils, wil FAMILY CLASSICAL INSTI-

TUTION,

on the 1st day of May next, for the instruction of Boys (over seven years old) and young gentlemen in the various branches of English, French

and Classical Education.

For terms, and other details, reference may be had to his prospectus in Hand Bills, or, by letter, to him at his residence.

Clarenceville, L. C., 20th March, 1837.

Notice.

DUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed Curator to Geo. Wallace and Gertrude Freligh, his wife, Carlton Freligh and Rodney Freligh, all heretofore residing in the Seigniory of St. Armand, but now absent from the Province. All persons having tlaims against any of the above named parties are requested to present them without delay, and all those indebted to pay the amount of their respec-

tive debts to the subscriber.
GALLOWAY FRELIGH,

Bedford, 6th March, 1837.

For Sale,

cellent Two Story

House,

with a STORE and out Buildings adjoining, all in good order, with a Garden and sufficient Pasturage for two Cows. There is also a Pearl Ashery attached, with a constant supply of water from a never failing brook passing through the grounds. The premises are known as formerly occupied by the late Samuel Willard, and are well worthy the attention of any person desirons of entering into business, or a country residence.

Possession given immediately, and terms of Possession given innecession payment easy. Apply to F. C. GILMOUR & CO. Granby village, 3d April, 1837 .- 1tf.

ENGLISH Garden-Seeds. choice supply just received and forsale

W. W. SMITH.

April 21st, 1837.

St. Johns & Troy STAGE.

New Line of Stages has commenced run ning from St. Johns, L. C. to Troy Vt. along the vallies of the Pike and Missiskoui ers. At Troy it joins the Boston Line which passes through Barton, Haverill, Concord, and Lowell; at Barton intersecting the Montpelier, Danville and Stanstead Lines; the former passes

The Subscriber takes this opportunity of informing the gentlemen of this vicinity that he has taken the front room of Mr. Wm. HICK-OK'S house, lately the residence of JOHN BAKER, Esq., where, in his profession as

at 4 o'clock & arrive at St. Johns, in summer, in time to take the afternoon Rail Road Cars to Montreal, & in winter, passengers will take the St. Johns and Montreal Stage.

The Proprietors, in addition to good Teams, & careful drivers, recommend this route to the public, as being the shortest, levelest, easiest, & most expeditious one, from Boston to Montreal, passenge they that section of country, which will be ing thro' that section of country, which will be taken for the Rail Road, contemplated to con-

V3-7tf | February, 1837,

WOOLLEN Ractory.

CARDING, CLOTH DRESSING & MAN-UFACTURING.

HE undersigned tenders his grateful acknowledgments to a generous public for past patronage, and would beg to inform those who have Wool, that his Machinery is in the best possible order and put in operation by experienced workmen, selected for their superiority and skill from the neighboring factories; and he now holds himself in readiness to do all kinds of work in his line group short notice and in the best manner. line, upon short notice and in the best manner.
Coloured cloth will be manufactured from clean wool, for two shillings and six pence per

yard.
Coarse Gray for two shillings per yard, or at the halves, for fulled Cloth.
Other work for the usual prices.
The works are now in complete operation; and all engagements will be fulfilled punctually, as to time and manner. The works were last year inscomplete, and it was found impossible to meet the demands of customers. Those who have not received their Cloth can now have it by calling at the Factory. at the Factory.

OMIE LA GRANGE. St. Armand, May 16, 1837.

NEW STORE

New Firm!

THE subscribers have taken the store at Cooksville, St. Armand, formerly occupied by Geo. Cook, Esq., where they have just receiv ed a new assortment of Goods, consisting of

Dry Goods,

Groceries, Crockery and Hardware,

Salt, Glass, Nails, etc. etc. and almost every article called for in a countr Store. The above goods will be sold at very reduced prices. The Public are respectfully invi-

ted to call and examine for themselves. Ashes and most kinds of Produce received in

exchange for Goods at fair prices.

A. & H. ROBERTS.

Cooksville, Dec. 6, 1836.

Card.

HE Subscriber begs leave to inform the in-habitants of Philipsburg and its vicinity, that he still continues the

Tailoring

usiness in its various branches at his old stand, Day Street.

Having made arrangements to receive the latest Northern and Southern FASHIONS, and from the superior quality and low price of Cloths and first rate workmanship, the public will find at his stand inducements seldom to be met with; and, in returning his thanks for past favors, he hopes by unremitted attention, to secure a con-

Cutting done in the most approved style, at the shortest notice, for which nothing but Cash will be received.

N. B. WANTED, a BOY from 12 to 14 years of age, as an apprentice, for whose good beat haviour security will be required.

DANIEL FORD. Philipsburg, June 21, 1836. V2 II-Iy

Fitz Walter.



HIS beautiful Horse, formerly owned by Col JONES, of Montreal will stand for Mares the present Season, at the following places. viz :-

On Mondays, at the stable of Zenas Reynolds, in Frelighsburg; on Tuesdays, at the stable of D. F. Carpenter, Abbott's Corner on Wednesdays, at the stable of Peter Monle, Pigeon Hill; on Thursdays, at Philipsburg, Missiskoui, Bay; on Fridays, at the stable of Capt Fortin, Henryville; and at the stable of the Hon. Robert Jones, Bedford, on Saturdeys.

Fitz Walter

Was Sirch by the celebrated Blood Horse SIR WALTER, & is so well known in the country generally, that any particular discription of him is annecessary. As a sire he has been tested by several gentlemen in this county. His stock is not surpassed by that of any other Horse.

The TERMS are—\$2,00 the Leap \$4,00 the lead is surpassed by that of any other Horse.

Season; and insurance agreed upon at the time of putting. GRAIN will be received in payin the month of January next, to be delivered at the Stands of Said Horse.

EPHRAIM CROCKER.

Stanbridge, May, 1837.

The Canadian

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Missiskoul Bay, May 19th, 1937.

THE BRAZILIAN BRIDE. BY THE HON. MRS. ERSKINE NORTON.

(Concluded.)

(Concluded.)

At day-break the following morning, Alonzo, wrapped in a cloud, and his has aloucled over his brow, stood on the deck, watching with gloomy composure the Lisboo packet getting under weigh; shoots on began to move,—a few minutes more and she was dashing through the water close beside him. Desparate thoughts for an instant darkened his mind; a feeling of revenge and despair, beest him, and he felt a strong temptation to plunge into the water wake of the flying vessel,—when one of the latticed windows of the after-cabin was sudmission to one the lattice of windows of the after-cabin was sudmission by the decked and love, which has despair, beet him, and he felt a strong temptation to plunge into the thin and the felt a strong temptation to plunge into the wild term day of 'sauld lang syne,' of which to him. He had just time to return the salutation; his dark purpose vanished, the ways in the weight of the ways of the ways of the ways of which he had on warrived. She loves me!... alst though the bood in a rath of transport to his beart. She loves me!... alst thought for the ways of valid lang syne,' of which he had on warrived. To him. He had just time to return the salutation; his dark purpose vanished, the ways of valid lang syne,' of which he bood in a rath of transport to his beart. She loves me!... alst thought to him. The had just time to return the salutation; his dark purpose vanished, the ways of valid lang syne,' of which he hold now a rath of transport to his beart. A form of he ways of valid lang syne, of which he hold now a rath of transport to his beart. A long, was standing with the ways of valid lang syne, of which he hold now arrived. The heavy of the ways of the manual syne, and the special me! The heavy of the ways of the had and the windows of the heavy of the ways of the had the ways of the had the ways of the heavy of the had the ways of the heavy of t

ola, whom I saw last evening, bade me entrance, but instead of seating herself at give you this note,' putting one into his her frame, she stepped towards him. hand.

Alonzo tore it open. 'Alonzo, I conjure you, for the take of your father-for my sake-struggle against your fatal and hopeless passion! We shall very soon meet again,...let us meet in peace, in innocence and friendship! Heaven bless you, and heaven forgive us both, for we have been much to blame! Viola.

Viola was very inexperienced, and Mr. Mordaunt knew very little about love, otherwise Alonzo had never received this note, which only added fuel to the flame; he kept it next his heart, and read it every day during the passage. He questioned Mr. Mordaunt closely concerning his interview with Viola the preceding evening, and especially inquired whether he could give him any information concerning her husband. 'I am told,' he said, 'that he is a man of high rank, very rich, old and infirm. He has married the orphan daughter of his friend, merely as a safeguard to her and her property in these dangerous times.' At this intelligence, Alonzo's heart bounded with secret joy; he became comparatively tranquil, but he would not analyse his feelings.....he dared not.

A few weeks brought them to Rio. On entering its superb harbour Mr. Mordaunt was struck with admiration at the magnificent and beautiful scenery that surrounded him, but to the heart of Alonzo it spoke yet more feelingly, entwined as it was with all his dear and early associations. He could have kissed the black and barren rock of the Sugar-Loaf; it was passed, and threw open the graceful sweep of the Bay of Botafogo, surrounded with its wooded and lofty mountains, this too was passed, and the harbour of Rio appeared. Great political changes had taken place, and the imperial flag waved upon every fort and bill. The visiting boat approached, and by the side of the officer sat Alonzo's watchful and expecting father, who in a few minutes more was locked in the arms of his Alonzo. The training me to lose my esteem for you, would be the greatest pain you could inflict, even although your affection for me were the cause.—Promise me, Alonzo. son. On their landing, friends crowded round them. In the afternoon they visited the good kind Abbess; and the evening was employed in renewing Alonzo's recollections of his young female friends, most of whom had now became wives and mothers; and those whom he had known as children had started up into young women, a process remarkably rapid in that country. He was pleased to observe the vast improvement, that, during the short period of his absence, had taken place at Rio, as far as concerned the comforts and refinement of domestic life, On the following morning he was presented at court, -in short, for two or three days he had not deisure even to look melancholy.

But one morning after breakfast, a time universally agreed upon for making disa- kneeling at the grate, apparently wrapt in greeable communications) his father inform- thought; at length a ray of light seemed ed him that in about a month, Donna Is- to break through the darkness that surabella might be expected with her father abella might be expected with her father rounded him, a single spark of hope saved him from utter despair. He decided that idence for you, which I think you will like in his first interview with Donna Isabella, change of position. He approached a little nearer, and Botafogo...(I say temporary, for you he would reveal every secret of his heart; will soon be offered what you most desire, he would conjure her as she valued their a diplomatic mission to Europe,) and the mutual happiness, to assist him in breaking furnishing and arranging this residence the tie that had been made between them; has been my hobby for the last six months. he would recall to her recollection the fa-If you and Mr. Mordaunt have no objection we will ride to see it this afternoon.' tal hour of their union, when reluctance to a seat.' He paused—the emotion that visibly If you please, sir,' was the only reply, force on hers, formed but an evil omen of and, accordingly, at the appointed time they future concord. Since that moment they set out. The house and situation were had never met, had never corresponded; on her knees at his feet. Alonzo recoiled, as priated to Donna Isabella, and called her As to the debt be had incurred towards heart and brain, she exclaimedgarden-room, opened into a delicious parterre, it contained tables for needle work indulgence it would be cleared, as the and drawing, book cases filled with a choice property in Portugal was on the eve of collection in English, French, and Italian; being restored to his father. Thus, if they May the prize I strove for...my husband's heart

music?' asked Alonzo with a sarcastic in breaking the galling fetters in which the smile. 'She is, I believe, very fond of it,' quietly replied the Marquis. Alonzo, with much warmth and sincerity, thanked his father for the kind pains he had taken, them. 'If,' he exclaimed, 'she be not utterly devoid of the common pride and how it had been brought about; he only knew and felt that his wife was in his arms, and that then sighed, and thought how happy he to take; ... she will ... she must take it, and that wife was VIOLA. could be here with...certainly not with I shall become free and happy.' Donna Isabella.

Alonzo, I am glad you have come for was just going to send for you.' ' Send for me?' repeated he list-

lessly.
'Yes, a friend of yours has arrived at the convent, and wishes to see you.' " A friend of mine !"

'You recollect, I suppose, Donna Viola de Montazuma ? He started from his seat_the shock was

' Viola, did you say 1.....Donna Viola ... recollect her !... what of her? what of her ?

She has become a widow.

'Go on!'

She arrived at Lisbon just in time to receive the last breath of her expiring husband. After the funeral, she consigned her affairs there into proper hands, and delayed not a moment in returning to this country, where they demand her instant attention. She arrived yesterday and remains here for a short time. She wishes to see you.'

'I am ready,' said Alonzo.
The Abbess left the room. 'This is too ... too much!' he exclaimed aloud, as he paced the little parlour with hurried steps. A slight rustling near the gate arrested him; it was Viola in deep mourning, looking more lovely and interesting than ever. She presented him her hand through the grate—he knelt, and prest it to his lips, to his heart, to his burning forehead. Alonzo,' she said in the kindest and most soothing tone, 'I have heard from the Abbess of your marriage, and fear that I have innocently contributed to render that, which might have proved the highest blessing, a source of bitter misery. What can I do but to entreat you to arm yourself with the resolution of acting right? I confess that your forcing me to lose my esteem

Alonzo ... promise nothing - nothing !.... Heaven grant cere kindness; he kissed the hand of his that I may do what is right, but, in the aunt, then, turning to his father, begged

word for nothing.'
Viola sighed. 'Well,' she resumed, 'I shall see whether Alonzo be what I really believed him or not: I shall see whether he be capable of sacrificing the happiness he be capable of sacrificing the happiness appearance of composure, as he passed along the of his young and innocent wife, and of his corridor which led to the garden-room; the door doating father-his own honor and prin- was ajar; he entered and closed it. ciples, to the shadow of a shade, for The room was only lighted by a single Grecian such is all hope of me. Heaven bless you Alonzo! and support you through this trial! You have my prayers, my best, my warmest wishes: deserve to be happy,

and leave the rest to Providence." She disappeared; he still remained there were also a piano, harp, and guitar. acted with determination, and in unison, 'Is Donna Isabella such a proficient in there could be no doubt of their succeeding

After the first novelty of his arrival had and, on his return home, sought Mr. Mors the way, and they all crept softly along the pasworn off, Alouzo relapsed into sadness; daunt, and laid his project before him. sage: 'May we come in?' a settled gloom was gathered on his youth. Mr. Mordannt listened with the utmost 'Come in,' said Alonzo—the first words he a settled gloom was gathered on his youth. Mr. Mordaunt listened with the utmost ful brow, a sickening indifference to all kindness and sympathy; he saw but one Their entrance dispersed, in a ful brow, a sickening indifference to all kindness and sympathy; he saw but one around was gradually stealing over him. objection to the attempt; if Donna Isabel-the concentrated feelings of Alonzo, & he became His father and Mr. Mordaunt did all they la, in spite of all he could urge, should attentive to learn the mechanism by which his

"Well," thought Alonzo, 'I am not bound to know that there they are at last, until I am informed of it; and he tried again to rivet his attention to his study. Three intolerably long nours passed away; a note was then brought to him from the Marquis; 'Donna Isabella, her aurt, and father, have arrived, and are now at Bota bound to know that there they are at last,

he dressed en grande toillete; and, taking down Walter Scot's last new novel, strove to fix his attention on its delightful pages. - Alonzo had generally the power of exercising great mastery over his mind; to an indifferent observer he would appear rather cold, reserved, and not easily acted upon in any way; but when his feelings once burst their barrier, it was with a violence proportioned to the restraint he had thrown in addition.

At half past seven, the carriage drew up to the door, and Alonzo immediately descended to it. 'I am glad to see you are quite ready,' said Mr. Mordaunt, as he entered; the door closed; and they drove

You have seen Donna Isabella? inquis

'Yes, I have,' was the laconic reply, with evidently a wish of saying no more. After a considerable pause, Mr. Mordaunt asked whether he still kept to his purpose. Certainly, said Alonzo firmly and no dingly. further conversation passed.

Half an hour brought them to their destination; with a throbbing heart, Alonzo descended from the carriage. They were shown into the grand Sala brilliantly lighted. Here were assembled Senhor Josef and Senhora Theresa, the Marquis, and the Abbess with an attendant nun; the old lady had not left her convent for many years, but on this occasion she was determined to be present.

Alonzo saluted Senhor Josef and his He hastily interrupted her; 'I will sister, with gravity, but perfect and sinpresent state of my mind, I will pass my to know where he might find Donna Isabella.

> ' She waits for you in her garden room,' replied the Marquis. Alonzo bowed and left the

> He struggled successfully to continue the same

doors leading to the garden were thrown open, and the moon beams quivered brightly on the rich festoons of flowers and foilage that twined around them. Leaning on the harp near the furthest door stood a lady magnificently dressed as a bride one hand hung listlessly at her side, in the other were gathered the folds of her veil, in which her face was buried. Alonzo advanced, and although somewhat prepared for a favorable alteration, he was struck with astonishment at the exquisitely fine and graceful form that stood before him. slight and delicate fingers were covered with gems, but on the arm was only a single bracelet and that was of pink topaz. 'Donna Isabella, I venture to claim a few minutes private conversation with you, on a subject that deeply concerns pervaded her whole frame convinced him that a east he was not addressing a statue. Suddenly she raised her head, clasped her hands, and sunk both delightful; the furniture tasteful and he had formed elsewhere a deep and seri-costly. The apartment peculiarly appro-

Alonzo, can you forgive me?'-It was

" Can you forgive me for all the deception I -plead my excuse ?- I know it will.

While she spoke, Alonzo in some degree recovered himself, he raised up the beautiful suppliant and folded her in silence to his breast, kissed her

The party in the drawing room, to whom the duenna was now added, were in an agony of im-Full of this thought, he left the convent, patient expectation. The Marquis at length led

fogo. The two ladies are somewhat fatigued, and prefer not receiving you until the evening, therefore between seven and eight Mr. Mordaunt and the carriage will be at your door.'

Alonzo sent away his untouched dinner, he dressed are grande toillete; and taking

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